THE [*Numb.* 901.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *Auguſt* 12, 1762.

By the Duke of Cumberland *Packet-Boat, Capt.* Goodridge, *arrived at* New-York, *in ſix Weeks from* Falmouth, *we have the following Advices,* viz.

MADRID, *May* 11.

THE laſt Advices from Ferrol import, that the Squadron equipped there ſet ſail the beginning of this Month, but they do not mention its Deſtination. Some Ships of the Carthagena Squadron have alſo weighed Anchor, but they only cruize in Sight of that Port. Perhaps both Squadrons have Orders to wait for an Opportunity to ſlip away ſafely to Cadiz. We hear that Admiral Saunders is gone to cruize before Liſbon with 15 Sail of the Line, and 7 Frigates.

The ſmall Squadron of M. de Ternay (the Department not mentioned) has had the moſt favourable Wind for three Days, when on the Evening of the third Day an Officer arrived Poſt with only three Domeſticks, and on going on board of one of the Ships, the Squadron ſailed directly. M. de Courval is gone in this Squadron as a Voluntier; he is an excellent Pilot, and perfectly well acquainted with the Poſſeſſions which the Engliſh have on the Side of Newfoundland, and particularly Placentia.

Breſt, May 2. Purſuant to Orders ſent from the Court, they have begun arming here three Ships of War, viz. the Palmier, the Minotaur, and the Altier, of 74 Guns each. On board the firſt will be embarked ſome Companies of Foot. The Day before Yeſterday three Flutes ſet ſail for Bourdeaux, in order to take in Proviſions there, to be tranſported to St. Domingo, for the uſe of the Marquis de Blenac's Squadron. That which has been lately equipped here, conſiſting of two Veſſels of the Line, and two Frigates, is deſtined likewiſe, as they ſay, for the ſame Iſland.

Paris, May 21. The little ſquadron from Breſt is ſailed as an Eſcort to a large Supply of Proviſions that it has been found neceſſary to ſend to the Marquis of Blenac's Squadron at St. Domingo; upon the ſafe Arrival of which, not only his Succeſs, but his very Subſiſtence muſt depend. The Squadron at Toulon, under M. Bompart, is equipping with all poſſible Diligence, and indeed it is high Time, for the two little Spaniſh Squadrons, from Ferrol and Carthagena, came out and ſhewed themſelves; but, after cruiſing for a Day or Two in Sight of thoſe Ports, judged it moſt expedient, for fear of Accidents, to return.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Peterſburgh, May 8. On Wedneſday laſt the Treaty of Peace between the Emperor of Ruſſia and his Pruſſian Majeſty was ſigned by the Chancellor and Baron Goltze, Plenipotentiaries named by the two Courts for that Purpoſe.

Hague, June 1. The Marquis of Granby arrived here this Afternoon, in his way to the Army.

Breſlau, May 19. The King of Pruſſia continues at Bettlern, and his Army remains in their Quarters of Cantonment. Part of the Auſtrian Army are ſaid to be encamped, with their Right at Kaltenbrunn, and their left at Hoghen Poſſeritz; by which Poſition they cover Schweidnitz.

Hague, June 4. By the laſt Letters from Madrid, which were of the 17th of May, the loſs of Miranda, by the Accident of a Powder Magazine taking Fire, is confirmed. The Garriſon conſiſted of 350 Men, regular Troops, with ſome few Militia. The Count de Ciſuentes, Lieutenant Col. of Horſe, carried the News to the King of Spain, and was rewarded with the Rank of Colonel. After the Spaniſh Gen. had got Poſſeſſion of Miranda, he ſent a Detachment of 4000 Men to inveſt Braganza, which was done the 10th of laſt Month; but there is no News yet of the Surrender of that Place.

Hamburgh, May 25. We have received Advice, that ſince the conſiderable Advantage which Prince Henry of Pruſſia obtained on the 12th Inſt. over an advanced Poſt of the Auſtrian Army near Dobeln in Saxony, the Auſtrians have abandoned Dippoldſwalda: That the Army of the Empire has ſeparated from the Auſtrians, and is retreated into Bohemia; but that the Pruſſian General Seidlitz was in Purſuit of the Enemy.

The Treaty of Peace, between their Pruſſian and Swediſh Majeſties, was ſigned here the 22d Inſt. by Mr. de Hecht, Miniſter Plenipotentiary on the Part of the King of Pruſſia, and by M. de Olthoff, on that of the King of Sweden.

Hague, May 28. Accounts are juſt arrived, that Prince Henry has had further Advantages in Saxony. He ſent Gen. Seidlitz to attack the Auſtrians at Dippoldſwalda and Maxen; and General Hulſen to Keſſeldorp, and the Plunſche Grond: They were both ſucceſsful, and drove the Auſtrians on all Sides, who have loſt above 4000 more Priſoners. A Battalion and two Regiments of Auſtrian Horſe were taken at Dippoldſwalda by Gen. Seidlitz, beſides 2500 Horſes, 365 Waggons, and ſeveral Pieces of Cannon, Standards, and other Trophies. The Auſtrians encamp near Pirna; and the Pruſſian Huſſars make Excurſions to the Frontiers of Bohemia, and the Gates of Dreſden.

Brandenburgh, June 2. It is aſſured that, beſides the Peace with Ruſſia and Sweden, the King of Pruſſia has juſt ſettled his Differences with the Duke of Mecklenburgh-Schwerin, in Conſequence of which that Prince will ſoon return to his Capital.

LONDON,

June 1. The Earl of Halifax is to be appointed principal Secretary of State, in the Room of Bute.

June 3. The Right Hon. the Earl of Bute is to be appointed Firſt Lord of the Treaſury, in the Room of his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, who has reſigned, on Account of his great Age.

Letters from Paris ſay, that the little Squadron which has lately ſlipt out of Breſt, is going to join that which ſailed from thence in January laſt, and which is ſaid to be at St. Domingo.

Yeſterday the King, after giving the Royal Aſſent to 67 public and private Bills, was graciouſly pleaſed to expreſs himſelf to the two Houſes of Parliament in the following Terms:

MY LORDS, and GENTLEMEN,

THE public Buſineſs, for which you were aſſembled, being now happily concluded, the advanced Seaſon of the Year calls upon me to put an End to this Seſſion of Parliament; which I cannot do, without expreſſing the higheſt Approbation of the Zeal, Unanimity, and Diſpatch, which have ſo ſignally appeared in the Courſe of your Proceedings.

At the Opening of this Seſſion I informed you, that it had been my earneſt Wiſh to reſtore the Bleſſings of Peace to my People; but that it was my fixt Reſolution, with your Concurrence and Support, to carry on the War in the moſt effectual Manner, till that deſirable Object could be obtained upon equitable and honourable Conditions. My Sentiments in both theſe Reſpects continue invariably the ſame, and I have the Satisfaction to find them confirmed by the unanimous Voice of my Parliament.

The Declaration, which Motives of Humanity have engaged the Emperor of Ruſſia to make to all the Courts in that Alliance, and the great and happy Change in the Situation of my Ally, the King of Pruſſia, give us juſt Reaſon to hope, that the other belligerant Powers may be induced to entertain the ſame pacific Diſpoſitions. On the other Hand, our Rupture with Spain, notwithſtanding my utmoſt Endeavours to prevent it, and the violent and unprovoked Attack with which the Dominions of my ancient Ally, the King of Portugal, are threatened, ſufficiently evince the Wiſdom and Neceſſity of that Firmneſs and Reſolution in my Parliament, which have enabled me to continue our military Operations without the leaſt Interruption or Delay; and conſiderably to augment my Fleets and Armies in thoſe Parts, in which our Enemies can be moſt ſenſibly diſtreſſed. The ſignal Succeſs of my Arms, in the Conqueſt of Martinico, and the Acquiſition of many other valuable Settlements in the Weſt-Indies, have, under the Bleſſing of God, been the happy Conſequences of theſe Meaſures. I truſt in the Divine Providence, that they will be attended with ſtill farther Advantages, until the Powers at War with us ſhall be diſpoſed to ſuch Terms of Accommodation, as the Dignity and juſt Rights of my Crown, the future Security and commercial Intereſts of my Subjects, will permit me to accept.

GENTLEMEN of the HOUSE of COMMONS,

When I conſider the ample Supplies which you have granted, I cannot but lament the heavy Burdens, which the Neceſſities of the public Service have obliged you to impoſe upon my People. From this Conſideration, I have endeavoured, in every Inſtance, to reſtrain my Demands within as narrow Bounds, as the Difficulties, in which I found myſelf involved, would allow. From the ſame Motive, my utmoſt Care ſhall be employed to exert the moſt exact Oeconomy, conſiſtent with the Safety of my Kingdoms, and the good Faith and Honour of my Crown.

I return you my particular Thanks, for the Proof which you have given of your Regard to me and to my Family, in the ample Proviſion you have made for the Queen; whoſe Virtues, and Affection to this Country, will, I am confident, be found to deſerve it.

MY LORDS and GENTLEMEN,

I have the fulleſt Perſuaſion that you will continue to diffuſe in your ſeveral Counties that Spirit of Concord, which you have yourſelves ſo ſteadily exerted in Parliament: And you may be aſſured that I will, on my Part, return your Zeal and Affection for my Perſon and Government, by a conſtant Attention to whatever may contribute to the Eaſe of my Subjects; and that it is my ardent Wiſh, to found the Glories of my Reign on the Union of my People, and on the Welfare and Proſperity of theſe my Kingdoms."

June 5. A Letter from on board the Leoſtoffe Man of War, Capt. Stirling, dated off Graveling, May 31, ſays, 'Since my laſt we have deſtroyed two large Row Galleys or 'Prames off Dunkirk; ſeveral of the Crew of the Galleys 'were killed and wounded.'

We learn by Letters from Paris, that the Spaniards have at Length entered the Portugueſe Territories, and taken two ſmall Forts, in both which they made about 300 Priſoners, with very little Loſs on their Side.

There is Advice that all the Portugueſe Veſſels in the Ports of Spain are ſtopt.

On Sunday Morning laſt, about Nine o'Clock, died at Moor Park in Hertfordſhire, the Right Hon. Lord Anſon, of Soberton, Firſt Lord of the Admiralty, Admiral and Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Fleet, one of his Majeſty's moſt Hon. Privy Council, an Elder Brother of the Trinity Houſe, a Governor of the Charter Houſe, and Fellow of the Royal Society. His Lordſhip, after walking a little in the Garden for the Air, came into the Houſe, complained of being ill, and lying down on his Bed, expired without a Groan.

June 7. On the 20th paſt Count Schwerin, Adjutant to the King of Pruſſia, arrived at Breſlau, preceded by ſeveral Poſtillions, with the Treaty of Peace concluded and ſigned at Peterſburgh on the 5th of May N.S. On the 21ſt his Pruſſian Majeſty gave a grand Entertainment at his Head Quarters at Betterſen, to all the General Officers of his Army; at which the Health of the Emperor of Ruſſia was drank, under ſeveral Diſcharges of Artillery. On the 24th, the Peace was proclaimed at Berlin, amidſt the cordial Acclamations of a vaſt Concourſe of People. All that was publiſhed on this Occaſion of the Concerns of the Treaty was, that Pruſſia and Pomerania are reſtored to the King.

A Letter from on board his Majeſty's Ship Chicheſter, dated May 11, 1762, ſays, "We are now cruiſing at the Back of Gibraltar Hill. Our Fleet conſiſts of 17 Sail of the Line, under Sir Charles Saunders, and Sir Piercy Brett, all fine Ships, well manned, in good Health, and in high Spirits.

June 9. *It is ſaid that by the Treaty between Ruſſia and Pruſſia, the Emperor of Ruſſia guaranties to the King of Pruſſia, all the Dominions he was poſſeſſed of before the Commencement of the preſent War.*

We hear from Berlin of the 24th paſt, that a Body of Ruſſian Troops, conſiſting of 15 *Battalions,* 4 *Regiments of Cavalry, and* 5000 *Coſſacks, were to join the Pruſſians forthwith; but from Vienna they write, that they are no Way apprehenſive of ſuch an Event.*

We have no Accounts as yet of any Motions of Conſequence, neither in the Allied, or French Armies.

His Britannic Majeſty's Troops in Portugal will ſhortly be augmented with 6000 *Foot, and about* 750 *Horſes, for the Reception of which Tranſports are preparing.*

June 10. *The Canadians are univerſally perſuaded that there is a North-Weſt Paſſage, and that of no great length, behind their Country, into the South Sea; and poſitively aſſert, that the Indians affirm the ſame Thing. As we are now in Poſſeſſion of this Country, and of thoſe that lie to the North of it, ſure the Diſcovery of that Paſſage may, if it is really intended, be accompliſhed at a very moderate Expence.*

A Paragraph in a Letter from Calcutta, in Bengal, dated Dec. 16, 1761, *ſays,* "*We met with a ſevere Shock laſt Auguſt.* "*There were* 460 *Men ſent from Madraſs, on board a large* "*Country ſhip, bound to this Place, moſt of them belonging to* "*Col. Coote's Regiment. The Ship foundered four Days after,* "*and only* 27 *People were ſaved, out of the Ship's Company and* "*Soldiers.*"

The Tranſports which carry the new-raiſed Regiments to Belleiſle, are to take the Troops now in that Iſland to Portugal.

Private Letters from Berlin of the 29*th ult. adviſe, that by a Letter from Freyberg they were aſſured, that the Pruſſians loſt in the Defiles and Paſſes near Chemnitz in the Action of the* 21*ſt, ſeven Pieces of Cannon, and between four and five Hundred Men; but that the Auſtrians had not taken Chemnitz.*

The ſucceſsful Attacks, made by Prince Henry with ſuch Vigilance and Dexterity upon the Poſt of Dobeln and Freyberg are of greater Conſequence than has been imagined, and are likely to be followed by ſubſtantial Effects, as by that Means the Communication of the Auſtrian Army with Dreſden is, or muſt ſoon be, entirely cut off.

Tueſday an Expreſs arrived from Ireland, which was immediately carried to Lord Halifax, and it is ſaid, a great Part of the Army are encamped in different Parts of the Kingdom.

The Report of a *Spaniſh* Regiſter Ship's being taken, as mentioned in ſome of the Papers, is without Foundation.

The Pallas Frigate in her Paſſage from Gibraltar to Villa Franca, off Carthagena, fell in with 8 Sail of *Spaniſh* Men of War of the Line, who immediately gave Chaſe to her, but though the Pallas, when ſhe firſt diſcovered them, was within Gun-ſhot, ſhe ſoon run them out of ſight. The above Ships are ſince arrived at Toulon. The Pallas left Admiral Saunders, and the Ships under his Command, all well at Gibraltar.

The Venus Frigate has brought into Plymouth the N. S. de Begona of Bilboa, a fine privateer, of 16 Guns, and 195 Men.

The Salamander Fireſhip is arrived from Gibraltar, with ſome Diſpatches from the Governor, upon which it was reported that the Spaniards were in March againſt that Fortreſs, but it gained no credit; as it is known that the Place is made almoſt impregnable, and they were never underſtood to be a people who could take a place by Aſſault.

June 11. On the Entrance of the Spaniſh Troops into Portugal. M. de Sarria publiſhed a Manifeſto, announcing to the Portugueſe, "That his Orders were to releaſe them "from the Yoke of Great-Britain; that all his Actions, "if they did not oppoſe his Deſigns, would be favourable to "them; but that in Caſe of Reſiſtance, he would employ "againſt them the Forces which were only deſtined againſt "the Engliſh."

Immediately after Publication of this Manifeſto, M. de Flobert, Quarter-maſter-general, was ſent to Miranda, with a Letter for the Governor of the place, demanding to know how he intended to receive the Troops which would ſoon appear at his Gates. The Governor went to meet the Officer, accompanied by the principal People of his Garriſon, received him very politely, and took him into the City and regaled him: But his Anſwer to the Demand in the Letter was, "That he had no Inſtructions from his Court whereby "he could diſpenſe with doing the Duty he was obliged to "do by his Oath; that he would defend the place to the

" laſt Drop of his Blood." The next Day the Accident happened of the Powder Magazine taking Fire, to which the ſudden loſs of the Place was owing.

June 12. They write from Peterſburgh, of the 17th ult. that a Courier had been diſpatched a few Days before to Breſlau, and it was confidently aſſerted, carried a Declaration to the following Purport: " That in Caſe his Pruſſian Majeſty's Enemies refuſed any longer to liſten to reaſonable Terms of Accommodation, the Emperor of Ruſſia would immediately order a Body of 25 or 30,000 of his beſt Troops to act in Conjunction with the Pruſſian Army." The like Declaration, it was ſaid, had been ſent to Vienna.

They write from Hanover, of the 4th of June, that, in Conſequence of Orders received from London, they began on Whitſunday to put up Prayers in all the Churches for the Queen's ſafe Deliverance.

By a Man of War from Liſbon there is an Account that the Tranſports with Troops from Cork, arrived there in four Days and a half.

His Majeſty's Ship Active has taken and carried into Gibraltar, a French Privateer of 22 Guns, and 240 Men.

Private Letters from France by the laſt Mail inform us, that the Camp near Dunkirk, will conſiſt of 45,000 Men; theſe Advices add, that with ſuch a Force in Flanders, it is not probable that the Court of Vienna will detach themſelves from their Alliance with France,

Laſt Monday the King George Privateer, Capt. Read, Commander, belonging to Briſtol, arrived at Falmouth, and carried in with her Le Grand, a French Privateer belonging to Rochelle, mounting 16 Guns, and carries 127 Men, which ſhe took in Lat. 46, Long. 6, from London.

Letters from Madrid ſay, the Carthagena Squadron ſailed the 29th of April, and the Ferrol Squadron the firſt of May: It is thought, ſay they, that the firſt will wait for the Toulon Squadron off Minorca, and the other will endeavour to join the Men of War lately armed at Breſt, and then go together to ſet free the Rochefort Squadrons, which the Engliſh block up in the Charante.

According to ſome Letters from France, by way of Amſterdam, the Carthagena Squadron has taken two Engliſh Frigates that were returning from the Levant, richly laden.

On Tueſday the 16th ult. was married at Guiſbrough in Yorkſhire, by the Rev. Mr. Hyde, Robert Lawrence, aged 90, to his Fourth Wife, Jane Edderſon of the ſame Place, aged 100. The Morning was uſhered in with Bells ringing, Drums beating, Trumpets ſounding, French Horns playing, and Colours flying. A Company of Yorkſhire Militia attended this Couple to Church, and after the Ceremony was over, a Feu de Joye was fired to upwards of 1000 Spectators, who likewiſe accompanied this Couple in their Return Home, while a Diſcharge of Braſs Cannon was fired as they paſſed. Two Men ran twice for Ribbons, (according to the ancient Cuſtom of the Place) and were ſo nearly matched, that no Perſon could declare the Winner. At Night a Poſſet was introduced, in a Veſſel provided on Purpoſe, holding 100 Gallons, anſwerable to the Age of the Bride. A general Invitation was given to the young People of both Sexes, who provided for themſelves Spoons to empty this large Veſſel; and the Stocking was thrown when the Couple were in Bed. [*Where we leave them to take their quiet Repoſe.*]

BOSTON, *July* 22.

Captain William Lillie, of the Sloop Contract, left Harbour Grace on the 29th of June; that before that Time they had received certain Advice, that the Freneh Forces landed at the Bay of Bulls amounted, as it was ſaid, to 3000; that they marched acroſs the Land to St. John's; that the Forces at St. John's went out to meet them, but on ſeeing the great Inequality, returned to the Garriſon: That upon Sunday the 27th, about 2 o'Clock P. M. French Colours appeared to be hoiſted at the Garriſon, and that they fired a Shot at the South Battery to make them haul down their Engliſh Colours: That the Fleet which came into the Bay of Bulls conſiſted of a 74 Gun Ship, a 64, and a 40, and a Bomb: That he ſpoke with one Emanuel Lawrence, Maſter of a Brig, in Lat. 47. who told him that there were 4 more French Men of War at Placentia, having taken it: That there were not 40 Families in the Southern Parts of Newfoundland, but what were got off: That the Man of War at St. John's, of 20 Guns, before the Garriſon ſurrendered, flung his Guns overboard, and run his Ship aſhore: That it was reported, and generally believed, that this Fleet was the ſame that ſailed from Breſt for Martinico, and that they had Orders, in caſe they failed there, to infeſt the Coaſt of North-America: That, in general, they had behaved very well to the Inhabitants, and profeſſed to pay them for what they took: That they ſaid they came for the Ranſom Money of St. John's, when it was taken in Queen Anne's War, which had never been paid: That they had not done, as he could hear, any Damage on the Banks of Newfoundland.

Captain Evan Potts, Maſter of the Brig Beckford, arrived here on Monday laſt, ſaith, That he ſailed from Waterford, in Ireland, with about 20 Sail of Veſſels, moſt of which bound to Newfoundland, under Convoy of the Gramont Frigate; on the 26th of June he arrived off St. John's: That the French took Poſſeſſion of St. John's on the 27th, at 11 o'Clock, without Reſiſtance, where they took the Gramont Frigate, which had arrived there the 25th with the Cork Trade, conſiſting of about 15 Sail of Veſſels: That ſeeing the People run away, they told them they need not go away, for they ſhould have the ſame Uſage that the French had from the Engliſh in the Weſt-Indies. They had done no Damage, except driving a Ship or two aſhore. That it was generally agreed, that their whole Force conſiſted of 9 Sail, 4 of which were in the Bay of Bulls: That the Land Forces were eſtimated at 2000.

Yeſterday arrived here a Schooner from St. John's, in Newfoundland: The Maſter of her informs, that he left that Place on the 27th of June, in the Morning, in Company with a Brig, who were permitted to ſail with the Women and Children of the principal Families of that Place, when it was inveſted with the French Troops, which he heard conſiſted of 4000, that marched from Bay of Bulls by Land:——The Brig was bound to Halifax: In the Schooner came the Family of——Thomas, Eſq; Mr. Thomas, and the other Gentlemen of the Place, were detained to aſſiſt the Garriſon.—A few Hours after the Schooner came out ſhe was becalmed, and the Maſter ſays he ſaw the French Flag hoiſted on the Walls of St. John's, and a Shallop paſſed by him in the Afternoon, which told him that it was ſurrendered to the French. The whole Number of Veſſels in that Harbour, conſiſted of between 20 and 30 Sail, including the Gramont Frigate, with Part of the Cork Fleet.—None of the French Men of War were there, being all at Bay of Bulls, which he heard were 7, and a Bomb Ketch.

The following is the Copy of a Manifeſto ſent to the Inhabitants of St. John's, the Morning the above Schooner ſailed from thence.

WE Comte De Horſon Ville, General, commanding all the French Army, compoſed of Grenadiers and Pickets of the Regiments of Marine, Mont. Revel, Beauvois, Penthievre, Royal Artillery, Gunners, and Royal Marines, ſummon and give Notice to all the Inhabitants of the Iſland of Newfoundland not to go out of the Town, neither to go into the Woods, nor to Sea, under the Penalty that is inflicted by the Laws of War.

We promiſe and aſſure all the Inhabitants, that if they ſurrender themſelves with their Arms, we will uſe them as Frenchmen, and we ſhall not do them the leaſt Moleſtation, but, to the contrary, we will protect them. Given at the Camp before St. John's, on Sunday, the 27th of June, 1762."

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 2.

Extract of a Letter from Halifax, dated 15th July.

" The Martial Law has been publiſhed here; a Company of Militia mounts Guard every Day; and an Embargo is laid on all Shipping for about 10 Days.—— We are putting the Town in the beſt Poſture of Defence poſſible, and ſhould the French pay us a Viſit, we ſhall be in a Condition to give them a very warm and ſuitable Reception.——We are all in good Spirits, and you need not give yourſelves any unneceſſary Trouble and Concern about us.—Our Harbour is now filled with Topſail Veſſels and Schooners from Newfoundland, but no Advice is received from Authority of the Particulars of St. John's being taken, but in general it is ſaid, that the Inhabitants had 8 or 9 Days allowed them to diſpoſe of their Effects to the beſt Advantage they could.——The French Commander had weighed the Gramont Frigate, and fitted her for the Sea."

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 5.

By two of the Jamaica Fleet arrived here, but laſt from the Havanna, in fourteen Days Paſſage, we have the following Advices, viz. That the above mentioned Fleet was detained there for Eight Days, in which Time about 3000 Bags of Cotton were taken out of the different Veſſels for the Uſe of the Army: That we had two large and ſtrong Camps at that Place; one to the Eaſtward, the other to the Weſtward of the Havanna: That our Batteries were but about 50 or 60 Yards Diſtance from the Moore Caſtle, and played ſo inceſſantly upon it, that its Walls were beat level with the Rock; and that the Spaniards had not fired above three or four Cannon from it for 48 Hours: That the Enemy had got all their Sailors and Ships Guns into the Caſtle, and were ſupplied daily with 1600 freſh Men from the Town; where, it was ſaid, there were ſome Thouſands continually under Arms: That to the Weſtward of the Town a Battery was erected of Four 32 Pounders, and two Mortars, in order to play upon a Caſtle called EL FUERTE, or THE FORT, on the Weſt Side of the Harbour; and to drive, from her Station, a Frigate, that had killed a Number of our Soldiers, as they paſſed to relieve the different Poſts; this Battery began playing two Days before theſe Veſſels ſailed: That the above Battery likewiſe commanded the Town, but they had not fired at it, their Orders, it was thought, being to the contrary: That it was reckoned there were about 1000 Engliſh Sailors aſhore, who were of great Uſe in ſerving the Batteries, hawling Cannon, &c. That the Enemy had ſunk 5 of their Ships of War in the Harbour, and it was believed there were four others ſtill remaining there: That the Waters had not been poiſoned, as we were informed: That on our Army's firſt landing, and erecting a Battery, the Spaniards made a Sally, and took that Battery; but before they had ſpiked any of the Cannon, it was retaken, with the Loſs of 200 of the Enemy; ſince which they had not ſallied again: That Deſerters reported, the Spaniards loſt about 200 Men every Day in the Moore Caſtle: That it was ſaid our Loſs was but ſmall; and that the Army was in high Spirits; had been pretty well ſupplied with Live-cattle, and had Greens in great Plenty, which muſt contribute greatly to keep the Men healthy: That two Days before our Fleet arrived, two Dutch Ships had got in, laden with Warlike Stores of all Sorts: That two Spaniſh Frigates had been ſunk in a Harbour, a few Leagues to Leeward of the Havanna, which the Engliſh were weighing: That our Troops took two Waggons loaded with Money, going from the Town to the Mountains, where all the Nuns, Prieſts and uſeleſs People, had retired: And that the Troops from New-York were not arrived.——In ſhort, it was hoped, that in a few Days we would be in Poſſeſſion of the Moore Caſtle, but that it muſt be taken by Storm, as it was imagined the Enemy would not liſten to any Terms of Capitulation that might be offered them; and which, it was ſuppoſed, might be put in Execution about the 22d or 23d ult. when ſix 74 Gun Ships, we are told, had Orders to be ready to go into the Harbour, if our People ſucceeded in the Storm.——We are likewiſe informed, that the Firing of the Engliſh upon the Caſtle was ſo exceſſive, that what Negroes or Mulattoes were in it, were obliged to be chained to the Guns to keep them to their Duty; and that at one particular Time, 18 Bombs were thrown into it, in the Space of four or five Minutes.——And all Accounts agree, that the Siege was carried on with the greateſt Reſolution and Bravery; and that the Place was defended with equal Firmneſs and Courage.

On Monday laſt arrived a Brig from Newfoundland, by which there is a Confirmation of the taking of that Place.

ANNAPOLIS, *Auguſt* 12.

We have a Report, that a Ship is arrived in *Virginia*, which left the *Havanna* all in Flames; but we cannot give it as a certain Fact.

Thoſe Goods which were taken in a Schooner by the *French* Privateer, as mentioned in our laſt, were taken from on board the *Argyle*, Capt. *Morriſon*, and not Capt. *Murray*, as we were wrongly informed.

This Day his Excellency in Council, was pleaſed to Prorogue the General Aſſembly of this Province (which ſtood Prorogued to the 13th Day of *September*) to Monday the 7th Day of *March* next.

Laſt Month we received by the Ship *Eagle*, from **London**, a very good and compleat NEW PRINTING PRESS, made by Mr. DAVENPORT, this Week's **Gazette** being her *firſt Work*; the old One is now almoſt worn out with AGE, and HARD LABOR in the *PUBLIC SERVICE*.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale, on the 13th of *September* next, on the Premiſes, between 1 and 3 o'Clock, A valuable Tract of Land, lying near *Linganore* in *Frederick* County, called *Drummine*, containing 668 Acres, late the Property of *William Cumming*, Eſq; deceaſed, taken in Execution for the Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency, by SAMUEL BEALL, Sheriff of *Frederick* County.——*N. B.* The Terms of Sale to be

DOCTOR *STORK*, Surgeon and Oculiſt to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of *Wales*, acquaints the Public, That he is arrived at *Annapolis*. Such as have loſt their Sight, or are affected with any other Diſorder of the Eyes, may apply to him at Mr. *Middleton*'s.

This Day is Publiſhed,

THE VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the LOWER HOUSE of ASSEMBLY of this Province, at their laſt Seſſion.

Mr. GREEN,

IT is no new Thing to find that Intereſt blinds the Perſon affected, and even often biaſſes the Judgment. The late Advertiſement of the *Rock-Hall* Ferry, Mr. *Calliſter* thought would be a Means of Strangers and Travellers finding out the Place, tho' it did not tell them that it was ſituate on a Creek that makes in from the Mouth of *Cheſter* oppoſite to *Swan-Iſland*, on the *Kent* County Shore, and this brought his Fears on him that he ſhould loſe a Shilling now and then by Travellers taking the Road to *Rock-Hall*, and avoiding his Ferry. This Intereſt then, I imagine, produced all that Juſtice that is done the Public in his Letter of the 14th of *July*, which you were pleaſed to publiſh, wherein he is ſo blinded as to inſinuate that the Traveller wou'd carry his Horſe over 25 Miles of Water, to ſave 4 Miles Riding, when by his own State of the Matter he wou'd ride 47 Miles from *George-Town* to *Kent-Iſland*, and but 30 to *Rock-Hall*: This muſt ſave 17 Miles, and as it is but 16 Miles from *Cheſter* to *George-Town*, and he ſays 18, it muſt ſave 19 Miles at leaſt (and I am apt to believe he is a few Miles ſhort of the Truth in the 18 Miles from *Dockery*'s to *Townſide*) beſides the Croſſing Two Ferries, which cauſes Expence, Delay and Trouble. To *Rock-Hall* is a very good Road, clear of Ferries or Obſtructions, a good Stage at *Cheſter-Town*, and a good Harbour at the Place for the Boats, Water enough to go off at all Tides, and that directly from a Wharf into the Boat, when ſometimes People have been detained 2 or 3 Days together with low Tides at *Kent-Iſland*, beſides the Inconveniency of getting off and on to the Boats, which are obliged to lay far out in the Bay for want of Water to get in. I imagine the Gentleman exceeds alſo in ſuppoſing it 25 Miles by Water, becauſe we have frequently run it in Two Hours with a moderate Gale; but be it ſo, with a good Wind 'tis ſoon run, and being up and down the Bay, the Tide, when it anſwers, quickens the Paſſage much. Therefore, laying all Prejudice and Intereſt aſide, it muſt be a much more eligible, expeditious, and convenient Way, for Strangers and Travellers to paſs to and from *Annapolis* to the Northward than any other Way, *Townſide* not excepted. And I think, to uſe the Gentleman's own Words, your publiſhing this in Anſwer to his, (as you thought fit to publiſh that) will be a Teſtimony of your Candour and Ingenuity. And then let Truth itſelf, and not the bare Averment of either the Keeper of *Townſide* or *Rock-Hall* Ferry, prevail with the Travelling Stranger. I am, Sir,

Your moſt humble Servant,

ABRAHAM AIRES.

ON Tueſday the 5th of *October*, the Commiſſioners for GEORGE-TOWN will meet at the Houſe of Mr. *Joſeph Belt* in ſaid Town, on Purpoſe to treat with any Perſon that will contract for the Building a Wharf. Part of the Money, if required, will be advanced, on giving Security.

Frederick County, *Auguſt* 10, 1762.

To be SOLD, and well Confirmed,

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND, ſituate about Nine Miles above BLADENSBURG, and on the main Road leading thereto, containing about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, well wooded and water'd, with ſome very good Conveniencies for making Meadow Ground, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Caſh, or Current Money. For Terms apply to NATHANIEL BEALL.

N. B. There is ſome Part cultivated, and may be ſeen by applying to Mr. *James Odell*, living near the Premiſſes.

To be LET,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, with a Kitchen, Stable, and good Paſturage; and likewiſe a good Ferry Boat, to Ferry over to *Alexandria* in *Virginia*, from the Subſcriber's Landing.

JOHN ADDISON.

JUST IMPORTED,

By CHARLES WALLACE *& Company, in the* Eagle, *Capt.* Curling, *from* LONDON, *and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, at the Store adjoining Mr.* Wallace's *Houſe, in* Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS, *Wholeſale or Retail, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco*,

AN Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, ſuitable for all Seaſons.

Likewiſe *Barbados* RUM and *Britiſh* SPIRITS by the Hogſhead or ſmaller Quantities, and Fine SALT by the Bag or Buſhel.

GEORGE CLARKE.

LEFT at the Subſcriber's, living near Mr. *Richard Snowden*'s Iron-Works, on the 6th of this Inſtant *Auguſt*, by a certain *Thomas Benfield*, (whom I underſtand deſerted from Mr. *Rezin Beall*) Four ready dreſſed Buckſkins, a Remnant of Worſted Stuff, ſufficient for a Gown, a Piece of Silk and Cotton intermixed, a Remnant of Duroy, Four Silk Handkerchiefs, a pretty large Quantity of broad Metal Buttons, and ſundry other Articles, which I imagine he hath ſtolen, as he is ſince abſconded. Any Perſon having loſt ſuch Things, may have them, on proving their Property, and paying Charges, by applying to

THOMAS WELSH, Collier.

Virginia, Auguſt 2, 1762.

RAN away laſt Night, from the Subſcriber living in *Weſtmoreland* County, a Servant Man named *John Grocott*, an *Engliſhman*, near 40 Years old, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, well ſet and pretty full faced, wears his Hair, which is of a brown or ſandy Colour, ſtrait and newly ſhaved on the Top of the Head, talks much, and is a Bricklayer and Plaiſterer by Trade, he has worked in a Garden at Times whilſt with me, ſo that he may pretend to that Buſineſs: He took with him a dark Kerſey Coat with large Metal Buttons, and Breeches of the ſame almoſt new, an old light Duffel Coat, a blue jump Jacket, double-breaſted, with ſmall Metal Buttons, white and colour'd Stockings, ſeveral Shirts, white, brown & check'd Linen, ſeveral Pair of Trowſers, and other Things I know not of. I am told he has an Indenture that he has got from ſome Perſon for this Purpoſe, with a Diſcharge on it, and ſuppoſe he may change his Name to anſwer that. Alſo,

A Negro Woman Slave, called *Betty*, of a middle Stature, and of a yelloviſh or dingy black Complexion, her Face rather thin than otherwiſe, proud in her Carriage, of a tolerable good Shape, Country born, and about 24 Years old: Carried with her a white Linen Jacket, ruffle cuffed, a Petticoat of the ſame, a blue and white ſtrip'd Cotton Gown, a black and white ſtrip'd Petticoat, and ſeveral other Cloaths of different Kinds.

It is ſuppoſed they were perſuaded away by one *William Wood* (who is with them) who has formerly been a Sailor, and has been hired a ſmall Time by me: He is, I believe, an *Engliſhman*, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, of a tawny Complexion, thin Viſage, and his Hair is off, the Toe next his great Toe turns under at the End, and his little Toe is loſt, ſuppoſed to be from the right Foot.

They ſtole ſundry Bedcloaths, and went off in a Schooner Boat, 18 Feet Keel, deck'd to the Mainmaſt, Sails and Mainmaſt new, Foreſail not tabled, and daubed in ſeveral Places with *Turkey-Point* Paint, no Bowſprit; they took with them a large Pine Canoe, a Locker in her Stern, an Iron Chain in her Head, fixed for two Oars.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Runaways, ſo that I get them again, ſhall receive a Reward of Eight Pounds for *John Grocott*, Forty Shillings for the Negro Woman, and Twenty Shillings for *William Wood*, Current Money; and if taken in *Pennſylvania*, Ten Pounds for the Bricklayer, Four Pounds for the Negro, and Forty Shillings for *William Wood*, paid by

JOHN NEWTON.

N. B. When taken be careful of the Indenture and let me have it. *J. N.*

TAKEN up and committed to the Subſcriber, a Negro Man, who is ſuppoſed to have come from the Weſtern Shore. He is about 5½ Feet high, well ſet, has ſeveral of his Country Marks on each Side of his Belly, and in his Forehead; he cannot, or will not, ſpeak *Engliſh*.

The Owner may have him again, on paying Charges, and applying to

WOOLMAN GIBSON, Sheriff of *Talbot* County.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, at *Corbin-Hall* in *Virginia*, the 22d of laſt Month, a Negro Fellow named *Ben*, as he can Read he may probably change his Name, and have a forged Paſs; he has been many Years my Coachman, and is pretty well known in moſt Parts of the Country; he is a very ſtout, ſtrong, well made Fellow, near ſix Feet high, it is imagined he will make towards the Frontiers, or attempt to get on board ſome Veſſel and leave the Country.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Runaway, and conveys him to me, ſhall receive Ten Pounds if taken out of the Colony, and Five Pounds if taken in the Colony, beſide the Allowance by Law.

Given under my Hand this 2d Day of *Auguſt*, 1762.

RICHARD CORBIN.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subſcriber living at *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, on the fourth of *July* laſt, a large dark brown Horſe, with a Blaze Face, Ridge Mane, Switch Tail, is Shod before, branded on the near Buttock F H not very plain, and paces, trots, and gallops.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward.

VALENTINE ADAMS.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joſeph Summers*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall black Mare, branded on the near Shoulder V, has a white Spot cloſe by the Brand, and ſome white Hairs by her Mouth.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Gerard Hopkins*, junr. near the Head of *South-River* in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Horſe branded on the near Buttock DB (join'd in one) his off Hind Foot white, a ſmall white Spot in his Forehead, about 12 Hands high, and appears to be about four Years.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

July 28th, 1762.

BY Virtue of an Act made and paſſed at the laſt Seſſion of Aſſembly of the Province of *Maryland*, begun and held at the City of *Annapolis*, on the Seventeenth Day of *March* laſt, impowering *Mary Stanſbury*, Widow and Adminiſtratrix of *Tobias Stanſbury*, late of *Baltimore* County, to ſell the Lands therein mentioned, for Payment of the Debts of the ſaid *Tobias Stanſbury*: Notice is hereby given, that there will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt Bidder, on the Firſt Day of *November* next, Parts of a Tract of Land, called *Fellfoot Enlarged*, ſituate, lying and being in *Frederick* County, near Mr. *Joſeph Chapline*'s, containing 1600 Acres. The Land will be ſold in Lots, of 3, 4 or 500 Acres in a Lot, or more, if convenient to the Purchaſers. The Sale to be on the Premiſes.

MARY STANSBURY, Adminiſtratrix.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Saturday *the Twenty-ſeventh Day of* November *next, at Noon, for Current Money*,

THE Plantation where Mr. *William Diſney*, deceaſed, lately lived, about four Miles from *London-Town*, on the Road to *Queen Anne-Town*; whereon is a good Dwelling-houſe, Outhouſes, Bake-houſe, and good Water Griſt-mill, with Boulting-cloth, and every Thing compleat for a Merchant Mill. There are 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground, and more may be made; the whole Plantation being about 70 or 80 Acres. The Title indiſputable. The Sale to be on the Premiſes.

At the ſame Time and Place, will be ſold, as likely a young Negro Fellow as any in the Province.

SARAH DISNEY,
JAMES DISNEY,
WM. BURGESS, } Executors.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thurſday the 16th of September *next, purſuant to an Act, made and paſſed at the laſt Seſſion of Aſſembly of this Province*,

A LOT of GROUND, N°. 102, ſituate on the North-Eaſt Part of the City of *Annapolis*, with the Three DWELLING-HOUSES thereon. The Sale to be on the Premiſſes, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

At the ſame Time will be Sold, Sundry Houſhold Furniture.

WILLIAM CLAJON,
MARY CLAJON, Adminiſtratrix.

JUST

JUST IMPORTED,

In the FANNY, *Capt.* RICHARD LANE, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS, *for Bills of Exchange, Caſh, or Tobacco, at the moſt reaſonable Rates,*

AN Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, ſuitable to Summer and Winter Seaſons.

Alſo Wine, Rum, Salt, Molaſſes, Raſins, Loaf and Brown Sugars, *&c. &c.*

NATHAN HAMMOND.

July 15, 1762.

STRAYED or STOLEN from Mr. *Hunter's*, near *Port-Tobacco*, a Sorrel Gelding, natural Pacer, about 4 Years old, near 14 Hands, Blazed Face, cropp'd Mane and Tail, branded H.

Whoever delivers him to Meſſrs. *Ignatius Semmes* at *Port-Tobacco*, *Henry Bradford* in *Piccawaxen*, *Topping's* at *Piles's-Freſh*, Major *Bond*, *Chaptico*, or the Subſcriber at the Mouth of *Wicomico*, ſhall have Two Dollars Reward. HENRY JERNEGAN.

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Eſtate of *Edward Dorſey*, Eſq; deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment to Mr. *Benjamin Beall*, at or before next *September* Provincial Court at furtheſt; otherwiſe Suits will be commenced againſt them, without Diſtinction. HENRIETTA MARIA DULANY,
Adminiſtratrix *De bonis non.*

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. *John Gaſſaway*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment: And all thoſe who have any Claims againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, legally proved, which ſhall be adjuſted and paid by THOMAS GASSAWAY, Executor.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, at PUBLIC VENDUE (agreeable to the Will of the above named John Gaſſaway) *at the Houſe of Mr.* Jonathan Rawlings, *on Saturday the* 11*th of* September *next, for Sterling Caſh, or good Bills of Exchange,*

THE following Tracts or Parcels of LAND, *viz.* Acres.

Part of a Tract of Land called *Mary's Mount*,	82¾
Triangle,	36
Part of *Beſſenton*,	50
Part of *Larkin's Hills Reſurveyed*,	40

N. B. The Two firſt mentioned Tracts adjoin Mr. *William Chapman's* Dwelling Plantation, and is exceeding fine well Timber'd Land; and the other Two Tracts or Parcels of Land were formerly Part of Captain *John Howard's* Dwelling Plantation, on which there is ſome good Meadow Land, a fine Orchard, and ſome old Buildings.

The Titles I think are indiſputable.

THOMAS GASSAWAY, Executor.

JUST IMPORTED

From LONDON, *in the Ship* PRINCE EDWARD, *Capt.* HENRY M'LACHLAN, *by the Subſcriber, and to be Sold in* GEORGE-TOWN, *in* Kent *County, by Wholeſale or Retail,*

A VERY large and compleat Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, on very reaſonable Terms, for Money, Wheat, *Indian* Corn, or Tobacco. JAMES M'LACHLAN.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber at ANNAPOLIS,

A CHOICE Parcel of New *Carolina* RICE by the Tierce or Barrel at two Pence Currency *per* Pound. RICHARD MURRAY.

JUST IMPORTED

By the FLEET from London, *and to be Sold by the Subſcribers, at their Store in* Annapolis, *very Cheap, for ready Money, or Short Credit, by Wholeſale or Retail,*

GREAT variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS. Alſo Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors, Sail Duck, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery, choice *Madeira* and *Liſbon* Wines, in Pipes, Hogſheads, or Quarter Caſks, coarſe and fine Salt, Barrell'd Pork, *Barbados* Rum by the Hogſhead, and exceeding good *Muſcovado* Sugar by the Hogſhead or Barrel, *&c.*

THOMAS RICHARDSON, and Company.

Annapolis, July 21, 1762.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Subſcriber's SHOP in CHURCH-STREET,

WOMENS Silk, Stuff, and Callimanco Shoes and Pumps, Girls Stuff and Callimanco Shoes, Galloſhes of all Sizes, Mens, Womens, and Childrens Laſts of all Sizes, and of the neweſt Faſhion, a neat Set of Boot-Trees, *Engliſh* Black-Wax and Grain Calf-Skins, beſt Calf Draw-Boot Legs and Feet, Wrought or Unwrought, Ben-Leather Soles, by the Hide or in Patterns, Boot-Strapping, *German* Blacking-Balls for Shoe cleaning, with Directions how to uſe them, Black-Balls for Shoemaker's Uſe, Gum-Arabick, Maſheen, Virgin's Wax, Lampblack, Copperas, Goree, Train, and Liver Oil, by the Barrel or ſmaller Quantities, Shoe Thread of all Sorts, Shoe Tools, Womens Shoe Heels, Roſin, and good Country Sole and Upper Leather.

THOMAS HYDE.

He continues to make Boots and Shoes of all Sorts for Sale, and gives Caſh for Hides, as uſual.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Fanny, *Capt.* Lane, *from* London, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store near* Selby's *Landing, on* Patuxent *River, for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Currency, or Tobacco,*

A NEAT Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS.

JUDSON COOLIDGE.

Baltimore-Town, July 13, 1762.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD, on reaſonable Terms, by Wholeſale,

TWO neat and well aſſorted CARGOES of DRY GOODS, on reaſonable Terms, for Country Produce, Bills, or Currency. Six Months Credit will be given, by

JOHN STEVENSON.

N. B. To prevent Trouble, none but Perſons who can comply with their Engagements will be dealt with.

Nottingham, on *Patuxent*, 9th *July*, 1762.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the laſt Ships from LONDON *and* GLASGOW, *and to be Sold by Mr.* HENRY TUBMAN *at* BENEDICT, *Mr.* JOHN HEPBURN, *junior, at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *and the Subſcribers at* NOTTINGHAM, *all on* Patuxent *River, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, Wholeſale or Retail,*

A VERY large and compleat Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, ſuitable to all Seaſons, and much too tedious to particularize.

JOHN and THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. In the above Aſſortment there is a Quantity of *Bell's* Bottled Beer from *Edinburgh*, and *B. Kenton's* Bottled Porter from *London*.

Nottingham, 10th *July*, 1762.

JUST IMPORTED

By the Subſcriber, in the SIMPSON, *Capt.* WHITE,

A NEAT Aſſortment of coarſe GOODS, conſiſting of Mens and Womens Shoes and Pumps, *Kippen's* Snuff in Bottles, Caſtor and Felt Hats, Mens and Womens Saddles and Bridles, *Britiſh* made Oſnabrigs, ¾ and ⅞ Check, ⅘ and ⅔ brown and white Sheeting, ¾, ⅞, and ⅘ *Iriſh* Linens, Printed Cottons, Linen Handkerchiefs, Mens brown and white Thread Stockings, Womens white Ditto, 8*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d.* Nails, white *Kendall* Cottons, napt and plain *Scotch* white Plading and Tartan; amounting to about £. 500 Coſt, and to be Sold very low, for Caſh or Bills of Exchange, by Wholeſale only.

The Subſcriber hath alſo Conſigned to him, for Wholeſale, *per* the *Simpſon*, a Quantity of *Scotch* Thread Stockings, well aſſorted, Value £. 160 Coſt, which he will divide into ſmaller Parcels, if required: But would rather take a very ſmall Advance in Bills or Caſh for the Whole.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Subſcriber hath left a few Hogſheads of choice old *Weſt-India* Rum to ſell by the Hogſhead; alſo *New-York* Refined Sugar by the Tierce or ſmaller Quantity. T. C.

THOMAS HEWITT,

PERUKE-MAKER & BARBER, *from* WILLIAMSBURG, *at his Shop, adjoining the Sheriff's-Office in* ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES after the moſt faſhionable Manner, and Sells at the moſt reaſonable Rates, Councillors Tye-Wigs, Parſons and Lawyers Bob Wigs, Cut and Scratch Bob Wigs, Dreſs Bag Wigs, Scratch, Pomatumed, and Cut Cue Wigs, Fillets for Hair, *&c. &c.* Gentlemen who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom in the Wig-making, Shaving, and Hair Cutting Way, may depend on being well ſerved, and regularly attended, by *Their humble Servant,*

THOMAS HEWITT.

Nottingham, on *Patuxent*, 8th *July*, 1762.

THE Subſcriber having lately received poſitive Inſtructions from Meſſieurs SHORTRIDGE, GORDON, and Company, of *Glaſgow*, his Employers, to call in all the Debts due to them in this Province, either for Dealings with Mr. *Henry Tubman* at *Benedict*, or the Subſcriber at *Nottingham*, gives this Public Notice, that all concerned may ſpeedily come in, and give ſuch Satisfaction as is in their Power. As the Subſcriber intends to *Great-Britain*, after ſtaying a reaſonable Time for the Settlement of his Affairs in this Province, he hopes that every one who hath Dealings unſettled with him, either for himſelf or his ſaid Employers, and are unable to make immediate Payment, will, for their own Sakes, come and ſettle with the Subſcriber, as it may be a Means of preventing Diſputes; that otherwiſe may hereafter riſe in ſettling theſe old Dealings with his Succeſſor, in the Management of the ſaid Gentlemens Affairs. Altho' I am ſtrongly enjoined to make a very conſiderable Remittance out of Debts by this Summer Shipping, yet I am willing to indulge ſuch of my Cuſtomers as are really unable to pay this Summer, with a little longer Time, provided they will come and ſettle their Accounts, and give Security, if required: And I flatter myſelf, that they will all prefer ſuch eaſy Terms to Suits at Law, which will certainly be the Conſequence of their ſtanding off.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

Upper-Marlborough, July 10, 1762.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wedneſday the 18*th Day of* Auguſt *next, at the Houſe of* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town,

A TRACT of LAND called *Four and a Half Gallons of Rum*, containing about Three Hundred Acres, and lying about Three Miles from the ſaid Town. For Title, apply to Mr. *John Darnall*, or to the Subſcribers.

DANIEL CARROLL.
THOMAS BROOKES.

ANY Perſon well Qualified to take Charge of a MERCHANT MILL this Fall, near *Upper-Marlborough*, will meet with proper Encouragement, by applying to

DANIEL CARROLL.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the Sixth of September, *at the Plantation of* Nathan Todd, *on* Elk-Ridge, *in* Anne-Arundel *County*,

THE following TRACTS of LAND, lying about Eight Miles above *Patapſco* Landing, *viz.* Acres.

Upton Park,	593
Freeborn's Progreſs,	526
Ferry Bridge,	224

For Title, apply to Mr. *Thomas Johnſon*, junior, in *Annapolis*, or in *Bladenſburg* to

FRANCIS HATFIELD.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday the 18*th of* Auguſt,

THE HOUSE and Lots, with all the Improvements, where Mr. *John Smith Prather* keeps Tavern in *Bladenſburg*, being a commodious and well-accuſtomed Houſe, the Building all in good Repair, and an exceeding good Garden. The Whole is under Leaſe to Mr. *Prather*, of which he will have Six Years to come the 15th Day of *Auguſt* next. He is to keep the Whole in good Repair, and leave it ſo at the Expiration of his Time THOMAS CHITTAM.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-ſtreet*; where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.